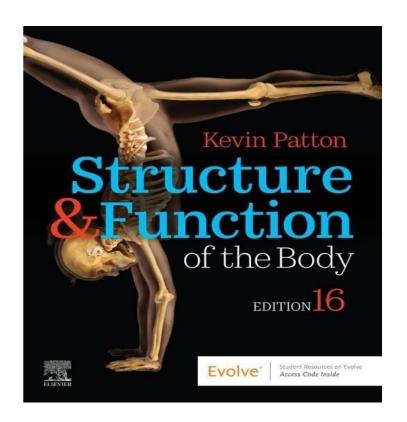
TEST BANK

Test Bank for Structure and Function of the Body
16th Edition Patton



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Chapter 1: Introduction to the Body Thibodeau & Patton: Structure & Function of the Body, 16th Edition

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.	What is the branch of science that studies how the body functions? a. Anatomy b. Histology c. Pathology d. Physiology
	ANS: D
2.	Which word comes from the Greek word meaning "to dissect"? a. Anatomy b. Histology c. Pathology d. Physiology
	ANS: A
3.	Which of the following is a higher order of organization? a. Molecule b. Cell c. Organ d. Tissue
	ANS: C
4.	The head is locatedto the chest. a. anterior b. inferior c. deep d. superior
	ANS: D
5.	The foot is locatedto the leg. a. proximal b. superior c. superficial d. distal
	ANS: D
6.	The leg isto the thigh. a. distal b. proximal c. superior d. deep ANS: A

7.	The thigh isto the foot. a. distal b. proximal c. inferior d. deep
	ANS: B
8.	The thoracic cavity is to the abdominopelvic cavity. a. deep b. distal c. anterior d. superior ANS: D
9.	The kneecap is located distal to the: a. leg. b. thigh. c. foot. d. toes. ANS: B
10.	Which organ is located in both the ventral and thoracic cavities? a. Stomach b. Liver c. Lung d. Spinal cord ANS: C
11.	Which organ is located in the ventral cavity but not in the thoracic cavity? a. Lung b. Heart c. Liver d. Brain ANS: C
12.	Which organ is located in the dorsal cavity? a. Liver b. Brain c. Heart d. Urinary bladder ANS: B
13.	Which of the following is descriptive of the location of the reproductive organs? a. Dorsal cavity and vertebral cavity b. Mediastinum and the thoracic cavity c. Ventral cavity and pelvic cavity

	d. Pleural cavity and mediastinum
	ANS: C
14.	Which cavity is divided into quadrants? a. Thoracic b. Abdominopelvic c. Dorsal d. Cranial
	ANS: B
15.	Which region is included within the right upper quadrant (RUQ)? a. Umbilical b. Hypogastric c. Right iliac d. Right hypochondriac
	ANS: D
16.	Which region is included within the left lower quadrant (LLQ)? a. Umbilical b. Left hypochondriac c. Epigastric d. Left iliac
	ANS: D
17.	Which of the following refers to the umbilicus? a. Groin b. Armpit c. Navel d. Patellar
	ANS: C
18.	Which of the following refers to the lower back region? a. Groin b. Axillary c. Umbilical d. Lumbar
	ANS: D
19.	Which of the following refers to the groin region? a. Axillary b. Lumbar c. Cranial d. Inguinal ANS: D
20.	Which of the following refers to the area in front of the elbow?

ANS: C 21. Which area appears only on the anterior part of the body? a. Popliteal b. Umbilical c. Lumbar d. Occipital ANS: B 22. Which area appears only on the posterior part of the body? a. Gluteal b. Patellar c. Umbilical d. Sternal ANS: A 23. Which area is inferior to the diaphragm? a. Axillary b. Inguinal c. Occipital d. Cervical ANS: B 24. What is another name for the frontal plane? a. Sagittal plane b. Cross section c. Transverse plane d. Coronal plane ANS: D 25. Which plane divides the body into right and left halves? a. Sagittal b. Coronal c. Transverse d. Frontal ANS: A 26. In which cavity is the mediastinum located? a. Pelvic b. Dorsal c. Thoracic d. Abdominal

a. Axillaryb. Brachialc. Antecubitald. Popliteal